

THE BENNINGTON EVENING BANNER

THIRTEENTH YEAR—NO 3848

BENNINGTON, VT, SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1916.

PRICE ONE CENT

Here Is the Way a Bright Little Bennington Girl Fixed Over an Old Saying to Meet an Occasion "Finders Be Havers, Losers Be Weepers"

SPECIALISTS WILL WAGE WAR ON PARALYSIS

Most Eminent Talent in U.S. to Meet in New York

BEGIN RESEARCH CAMPAIGN

Every Possible Effort Will Be Made to Discover Preventive and Curative Measures

New York, July 28.—Concerted warfare upon infantile paralysis by the most eminent specialists in medical research in the United States will be planned at a meeting to be held in this city in the near future. Health Commissioner Haven Emerson announced tonight. Funds to defray the expenses of the conference were provided yesterday by the board of estimate.

The proposed campaign against the dread disease which so long has baffled medical science is designed to be the most highly organized ever undertaken. The meeting here will be preliminary to extensive research work in the medical laboratories of the principal universities of the country.

Eleven of the country's most prominent specialists and one in Canada have been invited to attend the conference and four already have accepted. The laboratory research work will continue for several months.

The four who have accepted the invitations are Prof. Victor C. Vaughan, dean of the medical college of the University of Michigan, Prof. Milton J. Rosenau, professor of hygiene and preventive medicine at Harvard, Prof. J. W. Jobling of Vanderbilt University, Nashville, Tenn., and Prof. Paul A. Lewis of Henry Physics Institute and the University of Pennsylvania.

Meeting with the specialists from out of town will be New York city's leading medical men, including Dr. Simon Flexner and Dr. Abraham Jacob. The conference will meet at the College of Physicians and Surgeons at Columbia university and the sessions will be executive.

RETURNS \$750,000 WAR PROFIT

Canadian Cartridge Maker Rewarded by Thanks.

Ottawa, Ont., July 28.—Profits on war contracts to the amount of \$750,000 have been voluntarily returned to the British treasury by F. W. Baillie of Hamilton, Ont., president of the Canadian Cartridge company.

In acknowledging the gift Sir Thomas White, Minister of Finance, congratulated the donor for his "high patriotic sentiment."

5,000 MAY LOSE VACATION

Cluett, Peabody Company Forced to Operate Plant to Capacity.

Troy, July 29.—There is every possibility that the 5,000 employees of Cluett, Peabody company, Inc., will not have a vacation this summer. The vacation generally is in the first two weeks of August, but was set back this year until the last two weeks.

Now the company announces it will have to operate its plants to capacity to fill orders already booked and the officials have decided to stop soliciting new business until orders on hand have been filled.

BOY KILLED BY AEROPLANE

Machine Overturns Four Automobiles in California.

Ontario, Cal., July 29.—Second Lieut. S. H. Wheeler of the army aviation school at North Island, lost control of his aeroplane here yesterday and crashed into a line of automobiles, overturning four, killing Harold Stoebe, four, and seriously injuring Mrs. C. A. Stoebe, the boy's mother. Lieut. Wheeler was not injured, although his machine was wrecked.

WEATHER FORECAST

For eastern New York and western Vermont fair and warmer tonight and Sunday.

A Vicious Pest
RAT CORN
It is safe to use. Deadly to rats but harmless to human beings. Rat simply dyes up. No odor whatever. Valuable bait in each can. Now in Dime Store. 25c. 50c and \$1.00. In food, hardware, drug and general stores.

Vermont Coal and Grain Co., Pownal Vt.
Quinn Pharmacy
A. H. Winslow, Bennington, Vt.
A. S. Hathaway & Co. No. Bennington,
G. G. Cullinan & Co. Arlington, Vt.

GERMANS DEFEND DELVILLE WOOD TO LAST MAN

Forest of Stumps and Splinters Most "Hellish Scene" of War

FULL OF DEAD OF BOTH ARMIES

Has Been Center of Bitterest Fighting Since First Taken by British July 15.

London, July 28.—Delville Wood and Longueval at last are firmly in the grasp of Gen. Sir Douglas Haig's forces. It was announced officially tonight. Defended almost literally to the last man by the Germans, the two positions have been a menace to the British advance and their capture is a source of great gratification.

Delville Wood, of which the trees are nothing but jagged stumps bristling above shell ploughed ground and almost impenetrable tangles of splinters which once were trunks and branches, has been described as the most "hellish scene" of the war. It is filled with the dead of both armies. The British, by hard fighting yesterday and last night took all but an acre.

To-day, they completed the task by killing or expelling the last of the Fifth Brandenburg division which was defending it. The wood is on high ground, and therefore extremely valuable as a strategic point.

Delville Wood and the village of Longueval were first taken by the British forces July 15. Strong German counter attacks, in which they used a new shell which did not explode but emitted asphyxiating gas, forced Gen. Haig to yield some ground in the village and to abandon the wood entirely. Resuming the offensive, there was terrific fighting for the two points ever since—some observers say the most terrible fighting of the war.

The importance of taking the village was that by so doing the British established their right wing firmly on a line even with the French left wing, which had outstripped the British in its advance. With the possession of Longueval, the British line runs almost due east from a point just outside Thiepval to Longueval and the River Somme. There is a slight receding curve—the next task of the commander to straighten.

Every house in the village had to be fought for separately. It was machine gun street warfare until the narrow thoroughfares were a shambles.

KING'S BOAT UPSETS

Danish Monarch Has Narrow Escape From Drowning.

Copenhagen, July 29.—King Christian of Denmark had a narrow escape from drowning yesterday afternoon through the capsizing of a boat which he was sailing near Aarhus. The king went out alone in a small sail boat, and while sailing it a sudden puff of wind capsized the craft, which turned bottom upward, throwing the king into the water. The king immediately swam to the overturned craft, and, pulling himself upon it, sat astride the keel, where his plight was observed from the shore. Boats immediately hastened to the king's assistance, and rescued him, none the worse for his immersion.

BIG LEAGUE BASEBALL

American League.

Boston 3, Cleveland 2.
New York 5, Chicago 3.
St. Louis 8, Philadelphia 6.
Detroit 5, Washington 0.

Standing of the Clubs

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	53	38	.582
Boston	52	38	.578
Cleveland	50	42	.543
Chicago	50	42	.543
Detroit	50	45	.526
Washington	47	44	.516
St. Louis	43	49	.467
Philadelphia	19	68	.224

National League

Boston 2, Chicago 1.
New York 3, Cincinnati 2 (10 innings).

Brooklyn 9, St. Louis 5.
Philadelphia 5, Pittsburgh 2.

Standing of the Clubs

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Brooklyn	51	33	.607
Boston	45	35	.563
Philadelphia	47	37	.560
New York	41	43	.488
Chicago	43	47	.478
Pittsburgh	39	45	.464
St. Louis	42	51	.452
Cincinnati	37	54	.407

WILSON ON WEEK'S CRUISE

President Will Work on Speech of Acceptance

Washington, July 28.—President and Mrs. Wilson left Washington late this afternoon for a week end cruise on the naval yacht Mayflower down Chesapeake Bay.

JULIUS CAESAR

Tickets for Outdoor Play on Sale at Mulligan & Roche's.

Tickets for the play of Julius Caesar are on sale at Mulligan & Roche's, phone 38-W. Prices are 50 cents and \$1.00 for seats and \$5.00 for parking spaces for cars holding 5, and \$1.00 extra for each person in addition to this number. The performances will be Thursday, Aug. 3 at 8 p. m., Friday Aug. 4 at 8 p. m. and Saturday Aug. 5 at 3 p. m. In case of rain the performance will be postponed until the first clear non-scheduled night. For instance if it rains Thursday, tickets for that night will be good for Saturday evening and if it rains that night these tickets will be good for Monday. When it is possible to do so tickets for Aug. 3, if it rains, will be exchanged for Aug. 4, but this would only be possible in case all seats were not sold for Aug. 4.

Will the patronesses please call for the tickets which are being reserved for them.

SOCIALISTS' PLATFORM

Registered Members of Party Will Vote on Proposals.

The socialist party national committee at Chicago yesterday began the formation of a national party platform by a mail referendum vote. Registered members of the party, who number about 100,000, will receive drafts of the proposed planks. Among the planks of the tentative platform are the following:

That all laws for the increase of the army and navy be repealed.

That power be taken from the president to lead the nation into war; that the power to fix foreign policies and to conduct diplomatic negotiations be taken from the president and placed in Congress; that no war be declared or waged without a referendum vote of people except for the purpose of repelling invasion.

That the Monroe doctrine be abandoned.

That the Philippines be given their independence.

That the government of the United States call a meeting of neutral nations to mediate between the belligerent European powers.

Equal suffrage.

Action by the government to provide employment for every unemployed breadwinner.

Initiative, referendum and recall.

Abolition of the United States Senate, the veto power of the president and that of the courts to pronounce legislation unconstitutional, or to issue injunctions in certain matters.

Election of president, vice-president and all judges by direct vote of the people.

Forbidding employment of any person under 14.

Establishment of 1 1/2 days each week as a resting period for all workers.

United States development of canals, railroads and other public works.

HEAVY COST TO BRITISH

Lost 4433 Officers in First Three Weeks of July.

The severity of the fighting since the beginning of the offensive on the western front is indicated by the list of casualties among officers issued by the British war office, showing for the first three weeks of July 1108 killed, 2834 wounded and 491 missing, a total of 4433. This makes the aggregate loss since the beginning of the war 35,877 of which 19,105 were killed, 21,290 wounded and 2462 missing. The proportion of killed to wounded is still about two to one, although it was rather less than this during the first fortnight of July.

JOHN W. GORDON MAY RUN

Barre Man May Oppose Porter H. Dale in Second District.

Montpelier, July 27.—A report is in circulation that John W. Gordon, of Barre, is considering whether or not he will be a candidate for Congress in the second district, says The Argus. It is known that Mr. Gordon has secured a supply of 500 nomination blanks. It is also reported that Mr. Gordon has prepared a statement, but that he is consulting with friends throughout the district to get their opinion whether they would advise him to enter the contest this year. A statement from Mr. Gordon one way or the other is looked for before long. Porter H. Dale, of Island Pond, is the present incumbent. Mr. Gordon was a candidate in the convention two years ago when the contest went to many ballots that lasted until late in the day.

HEAT KILLS 56 CHICAGOANS

Temperature in City Torrid, Thermometer Registering 97.

Chicago, July 28.—Excessive heat is believed to have caused the deaths of 56 persons in Chicago during the last 24 hours, according to reports made tonight by the police and coroner. Scores of persons were prostrated here today with an official temperature of 97 degrees.

Annuitants bring ease.

and comfort to age by enabling the purchaser to put absolutely aside the fear that his or her income will not last. The largest possible, safe income, as sure as you live, as long as you live. Call or send for figures. National Life Ins. Co., of Vt. (Mutual), Earle S. Kingsley, General Agent, Mead Building, Rutland, Vt. Adv.

WILSON ACCEPTS CARRANZA'S PEACE PLAN

President Agrees on Commission to Settle Troubles with Mexico

INSISTED UPON MODIFICATIONS

Other Matters Than the Withdrawal of American Troops Must Be Considered.

Washington, July 28.—President Wilson accepted today in modified form Carranza's suggestion that a commission be appointed to decide whether the American troops shall evacuate Mexico and to settle the difficulties now pending between the two countries.

The President's acceptance is conveyed in a note to the Mexican Foreign office which acting secretary of state Polk handed this forenoon to Eliseo Arredondo, the Mexican Ambassador Designate. Assurances had already been received here that Carranza will accept the modifications suggested by this government.

These modifications are that the commission's scope of action be broadened so that other matters which the United States may regard as pertinent to an improvement in the friendly relations of the two countries may be established.

Carranza at first objected to this suggestion on the ground that it would needlessly delay the commission's work and bring about no decision relative to the withdrawal of the American troops until possibly late in the fall.

The President, however, insisted upon this point and Carranza finally acquiesced. The President also stipulated in his note that nothing done by the commission will in any way be final until it has been approved by this government and the de facto government of Mexico.

REV. NELSON KELLOGG RESIGNS

Leaves Brattleboro Episcopal Church for Portsmouth, Cal.

Brattleboro, July 27.—At a meeting of the vestry of St. Michael's Episcopal church this evening the resignation of Rev. Nelson Kellogg, rector of the church for last two and a half years, was accepted and resolutions of regret adopted.

Mr. Kellogg resigned to become rector of St. John's Episcopal church of Portsmouth, N. H., to which he has been called three times since taking the local pastorate. It is a much larger parish. Since coming here Mr. Kellogg has largely increased the attendance at the services of the church and especially the active communicants. The finances of the church have never been in such excellent condition as at present. His resignation will take effect about September 1 it is expected.

DECISION BY MOOSE AUG. 3.

Conference of Progressive Leaders Called at Indianapolis.

New Orleans, July 28.—John M. Parker, Vice-Presidential nominee of the Progressive party, announced today that a conference of the party leaders had been called to meet in Indianapolis August 3 to decide what course it was advisable for members of the party to follow.

CASEMENT LOSES AGAIN

Defence Abandons Contemplated Action Before Appeal Court.

London, July 28.—When the Court of Criminal Appeal met today to hear "a possible application" in behalf of Sir Roger Caseament, was sentenced to death for treason in connection with the recent Irish uprising, it was found that the defence had abandoned any contemplated action.

Caseament is to be hanged on August 2.

Men Wanted

We want (15) Fifteen to work in our Furniture Factory—General Wood Workers, Cabinet Makers, Finishers and Laborers.

Both day work and piece work. Steady work and good pay to good men.

Write or call at once

H. T. CUSHMAN

MFG. CO.

North Bennington, Vt.

THREE RECRUITS ENLISTED

Local Station Begins Work of Filling Ranks at Eagle Pass.

The newly established recruiting office which has been opened in New-veck's block in charge of Capt. Leon E. Ryder took in three recruits Friday. The men enlisted were John J. Purcell, 236 School St., Thomas J. English, of Burlington and Frank J. Dowdell of Schenectady. The men will be assigned to the 1st Vermont Infantry at the mobilization camp and will eventually go to the border when the men now at camp receive orders to move.

Corporal Nelson received a letter today from Sergeant-Major Harry P. Shaw of the first battalion of the 1st Infantry, an extract from which is given below. The letter was posted at Eagle Pass the 24th.

"The camp has been made as comfortable as you might wish for. The food is abundant and good, and there is absolutely no excuse for anyone wearing soiled clothes, or being dirty himself. The town of Eagle Pass has, they claim, about six thousand inhabitants, a large part of whom are Mexicans. Everybody in town of a necessity understands Spanish and this is an excellent opportunity to study the language as it is spoken commercially. An excellent recreation hall is being put up by the Y. M. C. A. which will fill a long felt want."

JULIUS CAESAR CONTEST

Some of the Answers in Novel Competition.

Following are some of the answers that have been received to the question, "What character in Julius Caesar would you like best to have marooned with you on a desert isle?"

"Brutus would be my choice because he 'let it' and I always like to have men about me who are fat and good eaters."

"I should prefer to have Cassius for a companion because he was 'lean and hungry' and therefore would not require much to eat."

"The first citizen would be marooned with me because he had a big voice and could scare away the cannibals. Also he would keep my shoes in repair."

"I should desire to have the South-sayer as my companion for he did not 'numble his words' and he could always tell me the date."

"My companion would be Caesar's ghost because he would not eat anything."

Growing in Wisdom.

Mabel had developed a really passionate interest in Abraham Lincoln. She had always admired her grandfather, but her admiration deepened to veneration when she learned that the old gentleman had seen Lincoln often.

"And you can really remember Lincoln?" she repeated in awe struck tones.

"Yes, dear," said grandfather. "You know, I am much older than you."

"How much older must I be before I can remember him?" asked Mabel—New York Times.

Cornish Pies.

There are several dishes peculiar to Cornwall, and a pastry is one. It resembles an apple turnover, but is composed of meat, potato and seasoning, finely chopped. Almost every kind of food is put into a Cornish pie. Squab is a great favorite. Herbie pie is another peculiar dish, composed of nettle, pepper, cress, parsley, mustard and spinach, together with thin slices of pork. Pies are also made with leeks and pilchards, goose feet, gizzard and blood, raisins, sugar and apples and mackerel, parsley and cream.—London Standard.

Her Proof.

"I've brought back those eggs you gave me this morning," said the new bride as she began to take the articles in question from her basket. "They're duck eggs."

"Duck eggs!" sneered the grocery boss. "You're mistaken, ma'am. I do not never sell no duck eggs."

"But I tested them," triumphed the matrimonial novice. "I dropped them into water and they floated."—Judge.

Domestic Discussion.

"My husband accuses me of extravagance. I spent about \$10,000 last year."

"I wouldn't mind being scolded on that basis. I have to stand for the same accusation on \$20 a week."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Bohemia.

Bohemia has not existed as a separate independent nation since 1020. That year was fought the battle of the White Mountain, which resulted in the total overthrow of the Bohemian forces and the subjugation of the country to Austria.

WANTED—Middle aged man and wife of good character to care for semi-invalid. Rent free and allowance for food expense. Man must be permanently employed in some occupation in Bennington. Address Box P. Banner Office. 481f

BRITAIN AROUSED OVER EXECUTION OF FRYATT

Ambassador Gerard Asked to Furnish Details

ACT CREATES ANXIETY IN U. S.

Retaliatory Measures by Great Britain May Result in Resumption of Submarine Warfare.

London, July 28.—The execution of Captain Fryatt of the British steamship Brussels by the German government has aroused the British nation, and the foreign office has requested James W. Gerard, the American ambassador at Berlin, to produce complete details of the affair.

According to information received here Captain Fryatt was sentenced to death because while in command of the British steamship Wrexham in 1915 he was alleged to have attempted to ram a German submarine.

The German government, according to a wireless message received here, claims the execution of the British merchant captain was on the ground that he had committed a "franc-tireur" crime against German sea forces.

Viscount Grey, the British foreign secretary, in a communication to Ambassador Gerard, has claimed that the act for which Captain Fryatt paid with his life was "essentially defensive."

The British foreign office claims that the allegation of the German government that Captain Fryatt had with him a watch bearing an inscription commending him for an attempt to ram a submarine is untrue. Officials of the foreign office say the charge against Captain Fryatt must have been based on press reports.

Captain Fryatt was known as a "rate dodger" on account of his success in eluding German submarines in the channel and the North sea.

The foreign office also has sent a protest to the American embassy asking for immediate release of five stewards on the Brussels who have been detained in a German detention camp.

News of the execution of Captain Fryatt caused a painful impression at the British foreign office. It was on instructions of Viscount Grey, the foreign secretary, that a note was despatched immediately to the American embassy.

The captain Fryatt case calls attention to the German prize regulations which declare that under circumstances similar to the capture of the Brussels, merchantmen are to be treated as prisoners of war.

Captain Fryatt was a young Harwich skipper described as a British seaman of the finest type.

The German official account received here of the execution of Captain Fryatt concludes with these words:

"One of the many fine true actions of English merchant shipping against our war vessels has thus found late but merited explanation."

Washington, July 28.—German's execution of Captain Charles Fryatt, master of the British steamship Brussels for an alleged attempt to ram a submarine is regarded in allied quarters here as a brutal violation of international law likely to result in prompt retaliatory measures by Great Britain. They contend that if a hostile submarine approached the Brussels, it was in effect an attack and the Captain Fryatt, in making a counter attack by attempt to ram, subjected himself only to treatment as a prisoner of war in event of capture.

The United States government is interested in the incident and what may follow it, particularly because of the bearing it may have upon the difficult problems involved in submarine warfare. Reprisals by the allies, it is feared, might be followed by a change in the German submarine policy which recently has been satisfactory to United States.

Bound to Rise.

"He is one of the most stupid horses I ever met."

"And yet he seems to have accumulated money. Fortune appears to have knocked at his door."

"I don't believe she merely knocked; she must have broken right in!"—Brooklyn Citizen.

No Cause for Complaint.

"Oh, my tooth aches dreadfully. I don't see why we can't be born with out teeth."

"I think, my dear, that if you will look up some authority on that point you will find that most of us are!"—London Telegraph.

A Real Wonder.

Aladdin was exhibiting his wonderful lamp.

"It's an auto lamp," he explained. "that won't go out just as a traffic cop heaves in sight."—Pittsburgh Post.

RUSSIANS CAPTURE BRODY, 58 MILES FROM LEMBERG

Teutons Give Ground Before Czar's Army in Volhynia

LEMBERG ITSELF IN DANGER

Austro-German Front West of Lutsk Broken and Thousands of Prisoners Taken.

Petrograd, July 28, via London, July 29.—The Russians have occupied the important railroad junction of Brody, 58 miles northeast of Lemberg in Galicia, broken through the entire first line of the Teutonic allies west of Lutsk and driven the Austro-German forces from the line of the rivers Sionovka and Bukurovka, southern Volhynia, according to the official communication issued tonight by the war office.

Heavy casualties were inflicted on the Austro-Germans, over 9000 men were made prisoner and a large number of guns were captured.

London, July 28.—While the battle of the Somme is continuing with methodical success for the British forces the Russians are able to announce another important victory in the capture of Brody. This Galician town, 58 miles northeast of Lemberg, is a great railway junction. The swift advance of this new Russian stroke was unexpected and may lead to the capture of Lemberg itself.

The Russians, according to a report from Petrograd, also have broken the whole Austro-German front west of Lutsk. In this success they are reported to have captured two generals, 9000 prisoners and 46 guns.

The fall of Brody is a serious threat to Lemberg and the rapid and successful advance of Gen. Shakhovskoy's forces menace the whole Austro-German line of communication from the north to the south. For the present Kovel yields in importance to Lemberg. The position on this portion of the Russian front seems to be that Gen. Kaledin, having driven Gen. von Linsingen's left wing behind the Stokhod river, has suspended his advance toward Kovel and is holding up toward Lemberg which is defended by the forces of Gen. Boehm-Ermolli.

Petrograd correspondents attribute the successes over the Austro-Germans almost entirely to the overwhelming superiority of the Russian artillery and Russia's apparently endless supplies of ammunition.

ROOSEVELT WILL STUMP

Ex-President Will Go to Maine in September.

New York, July 29.—Theodore Roosevelt intends to take part in the campaign in Maine preceding the state election on September 11. It was learned here last night. He has arranged with the republican leaders of the state to make three or four speeches. It was said, William R. Wilcox, republican national chairman said, he had no knowledge of Mr. Roosevelt's plans in that state.

ADJOURN SEPTEMBER 9

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